

Tables of Environmental Impact Potentials

Table D-1 Global Warming Potentials for Greenhouse Gases (CO₂ is the benchmark).

Chemical	Formula	τ (yrs)	BI (atm ⁻¹ cm ⁻²)	GWP ^a
Carbon dioxide	CO ₂	120.0		1
Methane	CH ₄			21
NO _x				40
Nitrous oxide	N ₂ O			310
Dichloromethane	CH ₂ Cl ₂	0.5	1604	9
Trichloromethane	CHCl ₃			25
Tetrachloromethane	CCl ₄	47.0	1195	1300
1,1,1-trichloroethane	CH ₃ CCl ₃	6.1	1209	100
CFC (hard)				7100
CFC (soft)				1600
CFC-11	CCl ₃ F	60.0	2389	3400
CFC-12	CCl ₂ F ₂	120.0	3240	7100
CFC-13	CClF ₃			13000
CFC-113	CCl ₂ FCClF ₂	90.0	3401	4500
CFC-114	CClF ₂ CClF ₂	200.0	4141	7000
CFC-115	CF ₃ CClF ₂	400.0	4678	7000
HALON-1211	CBrClF ₂			4900
HALON-1301	CBrF ₃			4900
HCFC-22	CF ₂ HCl	15.0	2554	1600
HCFC-123	C ₂ F ₃ HCl ₂	1.7	2552	90
HCFC-124	C ₂ F ₄ HCl	6.9	4043	440
HCFC-141b	C ₂ FH ₃ Cl ₂	10.8	1732	580
HCFC-142b	C ₂ F ₂ H ₃ Cl	19.1	2577	1800
HFC-125	C ₂ HF ₅			3400
HFC-134a	CH ₂ FCF ₃			1200
HFC-143a	CF ₃ CH ₃			3800
HFC-152a	C ₂ H ₄ F ₂			150
Perfluoromethane	CF ₄			6500
Perfluoroethane	CF ₆			9200
Perfluoropropane	C ₃ F ₈			7000
Perfluorobutane	C ₄ F ₁₀			7000
Perfluoropentane	C ₅ F ₁₂			7500
Perfluorohexane	C ₆ H ₁₄			7400
Perfluorocyclobutane	c-C ₄ F ₈			8700
Sulfur hexafluoride	SF ₆			23900

Adapted from 1995 IPCC Report (IPCC, 1996 and 1994).

^a (100 year time horizon).

τ is the tropospheric reaction lifetime (hydroxyl radical reaction dependent) (WMO, 1990a - 1992b)

BI is the infrared absorbance band intensity (Pouchert, 1989)

Table D-2 Ozone-Depletion Potentials for Several Industrially Important Compounds.

Chemical	Formula	τ (yrs)	k ($\text{cm}^3 \text{ molecule}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$)	X	ODP
Methyl bromide	CH_3Br				0.6
Tetrachloromethane	CCl_4	47.0	3.1×10^{-10}	4	1.08
1,1,1-trichloroethane	CH_3CCl_3	6.1	3.2×10^{-10}	3	.12
CFC (hard)					1.0
CFC (soft)					.055
CFC-11	CCl_3F	60.0	2.3×10^{-10}	3	1.0
CFC-12	CCl_2F_2	120.0	1.5×10^{-10}	2	1.0
CFC-13	CClF_3				1.0
CFC-113	$\text{CCl}_2\text{FCClF}_2$	90.0	2.0×10^{-10}	3	1.07
CFC-114	$\text{CClF}_2\text{CClF}_2$	200.0	1.6×10^{-10}	2	0.8
CFC-115	CF_3CClF_2	400.0			0.5
HALON-1201	CHBrF_2				1.4
HALON-1202	CBr_2F_2				1.25
HALON-1211	CBrClF_2				4.0
HALON-1301	CBrF_3				16.0
HALON-2311	CHClBrCF_3				0.14
HALON-2401	CHBrFCF_3				0.25
HALON-2402	$\text{CBrF}_2\text{CBrF}_2$				7.0
HCFC-22	CF_2HCl	15.0	1.0×10^{-10}	1	.055
HCFC-123	$\text{C}_2\text{F}_3\text{HCl}_2$	1.7	2.5×10^{-10}	2	.02
HCFC-124	$\text{C}_2\text{F}_4\text{HCl}$	6.9	1.0×10^{-10}	1	.022
HCFC-141b	$\text{C}_2\text{FH}_3\text{Cl}_2$	10.8	1.5×10^{-10}	2	.11
HCFC-142b	$\text{C}_2\text{F}_2\text{H}_3\text{Cl}$	19.1	1.4×10^{-10}	1	.065
HCFC-225ca	$\text{C}_3\text{HF}_3\text{Cl}_2$.025
HCFC-225cb	$\text{C}_3\text{HF}_3\text{Cl}_2$.033

τ is the tropospheric reaction lifetime (hydroxyl radical reaction dependent) (WMO, 1990a-1992b).
 k is the reaction rate constant with atomic oxygen at 298 K (release of chlorine in the stratosphere).
 X is the number of chlorine atoms in the molecule.

Table D-3 Acid Rain Potential for a Number of Acidifying Chemicals.

Compound	Reaction	α	MW_i (mol/kg)	η_b (mol H ⁺ / kg "i")	ARP _i
SO_2	$\text{SO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_3 \rightarrow 2\text{H}^+ + \text{SO}_4^{2-} + \text{O}_2$	2	.064	31.25	1.00
NO	$\text{NO} + \text{O}_3 + 1/2 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{NO}_3^- + 3/4 \text{O}_2$	1	.030	33.33	1.07
NO_2	$\text{NO}_2 + 1/2 \text{H}_2\text{O} + 1/4 \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{NO}_3^-$	1	.046	21.74	0.70
NH_3	$\text{NH}_3 + 2 \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{NO}_3^- + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1	.017	58.82	1.88
HCl	$\text{HCl} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^-$	1	.0365	27.40	0.88
HF	$\text{HF} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{F}^-$	1	.020	50.00	1.60

Adapted from Heijungs et al., 1992

mark).

2)	GWP ^a
1	
21	
40	
310	
9	
25	
1300	
100	
7100	
1600	
3400	
7100	
13000	
4500	
7000	
7000	
4900	
4900	
1600	
90	
440	
580	
1800	
3400	
1200	
3800	
150	
6500	
9200	
7000	
7000	
7500	
7400	
8700	
23900	

1990a - 1992b)

Table D-4 Maximum Incremental Reactivities (MIR) for Smog Formation (O₃).

Alkanes	<i>normal</i>	MIR	<i>branched</i>	MIR
	methane	0.015	isobutane	1.21
	ethane	0.25	neopentane	0.37
	propane	0.48	iso-pentane	1.38
	n-butane	1.02	2,2-dimethylbutane	0.82
	n-pentane	1.04	2,3-dimethylbutane	1.07
	n-hexane	0.98	2-methylpentane	1.50
	n-heptane	0.81	3-methylpentane	1.50
	n-octane	0.60	2,2,3-trimethylbutane	1.32
	n-nonane	0.54	2,3-dimethylpentane	1.31
	n-decane	0.46	2,4-dimethylpentane	1.50
	n-undecane	0.42	3,3-dimethylpentane	0.71
	n-dodecane	0.38	2-methylhexane	1.08
	n-tridecane	0.35	3-methylhexane	1.40
	n-tetradecane	0.32	2,2,4-trimethylpentane	0.93
	Average	0.55	2,3,4-trimethylpentane	1.60
	<i>cyclic</i>		2,3-dimethylhexane	1.31
	cyclopentane	2.40	2,4-dimethylhexane	1.50
	methylcyclopentane	2.80	2,5-dimethylhexane	1.60
	cyclohexane	1.28	2-methylheptane	0.96
	1,3-dimethylcyclohexane	2.50	3-methylheptane	0.99
	methylcyclohexane	1.80	4-methylheptane	1.20
	ethylcyclopentane	2.30	2,4-dimethylheptane	1.33
	ethylcyclohexane	1.90	2,2,5-trimethylhexane	0.97
	1-ethyl-4-methylcyclohexane	2.30	4-ethylheptane	1.13
	1,3-diethylcyclohexane	1.80	3,4-propylheptane	1.01
	1,3-diethyl-5-methylcyclohexane	1.90	3,5-diethylheptane	1.33
	1,3,5-triethylcyclohexane	1.70	2,6-diethyloctane	1.23
	Average	2.06	Average	1.20
Alkenes	<i>primary</i>		<i>secondary</i>	
	ethene	7.40	isobutene	5.30
	propene	9.40	2-methyl-1-butene	4.90
	1-butene	8.90	trans-2-butene	10.00
	1-pentene	6.20	cis-2-butene	10.00
	3-methyl-1-butene	6.20	2-pentenenes	8.80
	1-hexene	4.40	2-methyl-2-butene	6.40
	1-heptene	3.50	2-hexenes	6.70
	1-octene	2.70	2-heptenes	5.50
	1-nonene	2.20	3-octenes	5.30
	Average	5.66	3-nonenenes	4.60
	<i>others</i>		Average	6.75
	1,3-butadiene	10.90		
	isoprene	9.10		
	cyclopentene	7.70		
	cyclohexene	5.70		
	α-pinene	3.30		
	β-pinene	4.40		
	Average	6.85		

	MIR		Alcohols and Ethers		Aromatic Oxygenates	
	1.21		methanol	0.56	benzaldehyde	-0.57
	0.37		ethanol	1.34	phenol	1.12
	1.38		n-propyl alcohol	2.30	alkyl phenols	2.30
e	0.82		isopropyl alcohol	0.54	Average	0.95
e	1.07		n-butyl alcohol	2.70		
	1.50		isobutyl alcohol	1.90	Aldehydes	
	1.50		t-butyl alcohol	0.42	formaldehyde	7.20
ane	1.32		dimethyl ether	0.77	acetaldehyde	5.50
ne	1.31		methyl t-butyl ether	0.62	C3 aldehydes	6.50
ne	1.50		ethyl t-butyl ether	2.00	glyoxal	2.20
ne	0.71		Average	1.32	methyl glyoxal	14.80
	1.08		Acetylenes		Average	7.24
	1.40		acetylene	0.50		
tane	0.93		methylacetylene	4.10	Ketones	
tane	1.60		Average	2.30	acetone	0.56
e	1.31		Aromatics		C4 ketones	1.18
e	1.50		benzene	0.42	Average	0.87
e	1.60		toluene	2.70		
	0.96		ethylbenzene	2.70	Others	
	0.99		n-propylbenzene	2.10	Methyl nitrite	9.50
	1.20		isopropylbenzene	2.20		
ie	1.33		s-butylbenzene	1.90	Base Reactive Organic	
ane	0.97		o-xylene	6.50	Gas Mixture	3.10
	1.13		p-xylene	6.60		
	1.01		m-xylene	8.20		
	1.33		1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	10.10		
	1.23		1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	8.90		
	1.20		1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	8.80		
			tetralin	0.94		
	5.30		naphthalene	1.17		
	4.90		methylnaphthalenes	3.30		
	10.00		2,3-dimethylnaphthalene	5.10		
	10.00		styrene	2.20		
	8.80		Average	4.34		
	6.40					
	6.70					
	5.50					
	5.30					
	4.60					
	6.75					

Adapted from Carter (1994)